

# Newport Daily News

VOL VI.]

"LIBERTY AND UNION, NOW AND FOREVER, ONE AND INSEPARABLE!"—WEEKS.

NEWPORT SATURDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 22, 1851.

[NO. 229]

The Daily News,  
Published every Morning-Sunday  
excepted-at 127 Thames Street,  
A few doors North of the  
Post Office.

BY CRANSTON & NORMAN,

Single copy ONE CENT, or SIX CENTS per  
week, payable to the carrier.

The Daily News will be delivered to town sub-  
scribers, at THREE DOLLARS per annum, quan-  
tity in advance, after the first quarter.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Five lines, or less, first insertion, - - - - - 25cts.

" each subsequent insertion, 10cts.

Over five lines, first insertion, - - - - - 3 cents a line

Each subsequent insertion, - - - - - 2 cents a line.

A liberal discount made to those who advertise  
by the year.

Transient advertisements must be paid for  
in advance.

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper  
Agent, is the only authorized Agent for this paper  
in the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia,  
and is duly empowered to take Advertising  
and Subscriptions at the same rates as re-  
quired by us. His receipts will be regarded as  
payments. His Office are

HISTORIUS-S Congress street.

NEW YORK.—Tribune Building.

PHILADELPHIA.—N. W. corner Third and  
Chestnut streets.

Newport Post Office Mail Arrangements.

Providence Mail closes daily (Sundays excepted) at 9 A. M.; arrives at 3 P. M.

Boston, Fall River, Freetown, New Bedford, &c., close daily (Sundays excepted) at 9 A. M.; arrives at 2-1/2 P. M.

New York and Southern Mail closes daily (Sunday excepted) at 7 P. M., and arrives daily (Monday excepted) at 5 A. M.

Westerly and S. Kingston closes Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6 A. M., and arrives Mondays and Thursdays at 7 P. M.

New Shoreham closes Fridays at 6 A. M.; arrives Thursdays at 6 P. M.

TIMOTHY COGGESHALL, P. M.  
UNITED STATES HOTEL,  
On Pearl, Fulton and Water sts., New York,  
BY H. JOHNSON.

THIS is one of the largest and best kept Hotels in the city of New York. Board \$1.50 per day. Its location is particularly convenient for business men, and Mr. Johnson, the popular and eminently landlord, makes the comfort of his guests a constant study.

DUNLAP'S HOTEL.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

No. 135 Fulton Street, Between Broadway and Nassau Street.

NEW YORK.

\* 82 and 2 20 per week. 37 1-2cts per night.

PHILIP RIDER,  
SELLER IN  
MARSH'S PATENT OIL, PINE OIL, POR-  
TABLE BURNING FLUID,

And manufacturer of

DOUBLE REFINED CANDELS, second to none  
in quality, and always at the lowest prices, and  
described not to exceed 1 cent.

Also, hanging and Hand Lamps of every descrip-  
tion, Globes, Canes, Wickings, extra Tubes, and in  
fact every article connected with the new and  
cheap system of more light for less money.

NO. 171 THAMES STREET,  
Felt 20  
NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT COUNTY DIE-HOUSE,  
23 and 25 TANNER STREET, NEWPORT.

JOHN H. CLEGG will die and finish in the  
best manner, Satins, Lustrines, Gro de Nape,  
Merino, Alpines, Pongees, Alpacas, Bucry,  
Gloves, Ribbons, &c.

Also Ladies' and Gentlemen's garments of  
every description.

Pasticular attention will be devoted to articles  
for swimming. Gentlemen's Garments cleaned  
without rinsing. Merino Shirts, Carpets,  
Blankets, Pillows and Table Covers, &c., cleaned  
with superior finish, and without injury to the  
fabrics or colors.

No goods subject to the claim of the owner af-  
ter one year from the date of entry.

All goods ready for delivery, 10 days after they  
are received at the Die-House.

OCT 2.

DIET'S HEALING EMULSION, for  
sale wholesale and retail, by

G. G. HAZARD.

CANVAS CARPETS.

OPENED yesterday, a very large lot of Painted  
Oil Cloths, of all the various widths, and  
some very beautiful new designs. These goods  
are all of a superior quality, and warranted a very  
excellent and cheap article for painted floors.

WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

An extra article of Blackman's single and  
double spring Sleep Sheets, ready this day  
or

A. H. STEVENS, 156 Thames-st.

R. J. STEVENS & CO.,  
SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Mechandise and Step Boxes,

SAN FRANCISCO,  
Upper California.

H. E. BARNEY,  
PIANO FORTE TUNER,  
NEWPORT, R. I.

(Residence, Peleg Street House.)

REFERENCE.—Prof. G. Taylor, Organist Trinity  
Church.

NEW STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BENJAMIN MARSH, 110 Thames street, has  
just opened a very large assortment of Spring

and Summer goods, consisting of Ladies' New

York Garter Boxes, Ladies' French Shoes, manu-

factured by Fete in Paris, also a general assort-

ment of Men's, Kid Ties and Slippers, of every

quality and price.

Business is bust of all descriptions, some as

low as 82, a good article for summer. Misses' socks and children's, of all the different styles in fashion. Also a quantity of children's shoes  
that are drop-worn, at 25 cents per pair, so that  
you need not be afraid of getting a bad price for them.

Grateful to the public for the liberal patronage  
which his well-known establishment has long  
received, they may be assured that an effort will  
be made to accommodate all who wish to purchase  
here, there can be no great difficulty in  
making a fair profit.

April 5.

WILLIAM H. PEER will receive orders for  
Book binding, of all kinds, at Providence  
Press, and guarantee postally and satisfactorily  
Press, at the Franklin, A.ぞ, 39 Thames  
Street.

STOVES, RANGES AND FURNACES.

MAY always be had at the 127 Thames

Street, in every article of the kind, and  
most reasonably priced, as well as well made.

Public exhibition given every evening at

the Franklin, A.ぞ, 39 Thames Street.

Order now.

NEW STOCK OF

BOOKS AND PAPERS.

JOHN H. CLEGG, 127 Thames Street, has  
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# The Daily News.

NEWPORT,

BY CRANSTON & NORMAN,

127 THAMES STREET.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 22, 1851.

## Whig Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,  
JOSIAH CHAPIN,  
of Providence.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,  
ROWSE BABCOCK,  
of Wistaria.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,  
CHRISTOPHER E. ROBBINS,  
of Providence.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,  
JOSEPH M. BLAKE,  
of Bristol.

FOR GENERAL TREASURER,  
SAMUEL A. PARKER,  
of Newport.

FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS,  
EASTERN DISTRICT,  
GEORGE G. KING,  
of Newport.

WESTERN DISTRICT,  
CHARLES JACKSON,  
of Sciota.

*If* The Democratic nominations will be found in another column.

Mr. Allan, the candidate for Governor, is a highly respectable and worthy man; he has never been in public life much, and is but little conversant with the political affairs of the State.

Mr. Lawrence, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, is a native of New York. He is a lawyer by profession and a gentleman of large property. He has passed his summers here for many years past and has recently determined to reside permanently in Rhode Island. He is a thorough gentleman, in the fullest acceptance of the term—and no one can say anything against him except that his political opinions are of the wrong character. His name has never been upon the voting list, in this town, and it is an important question, from a legal point of view, whether he is a citizen of Rhode Island. Has he not voted in the city of New York, within a year past? Will our Democratic friends answer this question? We think that he has.

Mr. Potter, the candidate for Secretary of State, has previously been run by his party, for the same office. He is a gentleman of intelligence and integrity.

Mr. Babcock, the candidate for Attorney General, was U. S. District Attorney for Rhode Island, during Polk's administration, and is politically known to the people of the State.

Gen. Wilbur, the candidate for General Treasurer, has twice been Collector of this port, and is too well known to require anything at our hands. It is well known that he never has been ambitious for office; and whenever he has accepted an office or a nomination for one, it has always been against his inclination, and simply because he felt that "the people called," and consequently, "he must obey." Should he be elected, we know of no man who would guard the Treasury with such an Argus eye.

Mr. Sayles, the candidate for Congress in the Eastern District, was Post Master in Providence, under Polk, and is now one of the Publishers of the Daily Post of that city.

Mr. Thurston the candidate in the Western District, was formerly Lieut. Governor of the State, and represented that District in the 30th Congress.

On the whole, it is rather the strongest, and certainly the most respectable, ticket which our opponents have nominated in many years; but it will be an easy matter to defeat it, if the Whigs come up to the work, as we know they will. Let us stand shoulder to shoulder in the good cause, and there will be no difficulty in electing the whole Whig ticket by a most triumphant majority.

We shall have more to say in regard to this Ticket, in a few days.

*If* This day is the anniversary of the birth of the Father of his Country, the good and beloved Washington. It will be well if all Americans, at this time, recount the virtues and appreciate the services of him who did so much in our behalf—and also resolve to imitate the noble example which he set us, and to prize aright the inestimable maxims which he bequeathed us. Then we shall have no occasion to fear for the perpetuity of our glorious Union, or to indulge in dread anticipations of a dissolution of the great compact which binds us.

*If* The CALIFORNIA SENATOR.—A new candidate for Senator has appeared in the field—Hon. T. Butler King. This gentleman has been addressed by a committee of the Legislature, and the following questions propounded to him. Do you consider yourself eligible to the office of U. S. Senator? Would you, if elected, accept that office? Mr. King has answered both questions affirmatively.

*If* The gaieties of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, suffered but a slight suspension by [the fire]. They have been revived already at the St. Louis with all their wonted brilliancy, and even more than their wonted popularity.

*If* The SENTENCE OF COMONORE JONES.—This officer, whose trial by Court Martial has been going on at Washington for some time past, has been found guilty of speculating in gold dust with the public funds, and is suspended from his command for five years, half of the time without pay. The President has approved the sentence.

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*If* NEWS FROM THE FUGITIVE SHADRACH.—The Boston Commonwealth says that Shadrach spent the Sabbath, after his escape, in a town less than one hundred miles from Boston. In the evening he attended an anti-slavery lecture in the United Kingdom, adding.

—Various efforts to get a bill to extend this legislation, they were not at present in a position to proceed further. The individual who had taken upon himself to represent the wishes of the

## BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DAILY NEWS.

Providence, Friday, 11 A. M.  
The Democratic State Convention was held last evening, and the following nominations for State officers were made, for the ensuing year:

For Governor,  
PHILIP ALLAN,  
of Providence.

For Lieut. Governor,  
WILLIAM BEACH LAWRENCE,  
of New York.

For Secretary of State,  
ASA POTTER,  
of South Kingstown.

For Attorney General,  
WALTER S. BURGES,  
of Cranston.

For General Treasurer,  
EDWIN WILBUR,  
of Newport.

The Congressional Conventions were also held last evening, and the following nominations were then made:

Eastern District.  
WELCOME B. SAYLES,  
of Providence.

Western District.  
BENJAMIN B. THURSTON,  
of Hopkinton.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.

House.—After reading of the journal, &c., the bill introduced yesterday by Mr. Stanton, of Tennessee, for a line of steamers from California to Asia, and from Philadelphia and Norfolk to Antwerp and elsewhere, was taken up.

Mr. Babcock spoke in favor of the bill and Mr. Miller replied in opposition to it.

The bill was then referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, by yeas 156, nays 31.

BOSTON, Feb. 20th.

Commissioner Hallett has ordered Elizur Wright to recognize in the sum of \$2,000 for his appearance at the United States District Court, on the third Tuesday in March next. Samuel E. Sewall became his surety.

The examination of Davis is now progressing.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.

The steamer Cambria, from Cork, with the cargo of the Atlantic is now on her way up.

The British press is very severe upon the United States, British works, for which the author received from the American publisher no pecuniary advantage. The reply has always been that English publishers did the same thing towards American authors. A recompensation which, however, it may satisfy the guilty publishers' consciences, is not very satisfactory to the authors who suffer from the practice. The most cool proceeding in the way of book printing, recently noticed is that of a publisher in England republishing an American author's novel without her consent, and asking her to sit for a daguerreotype portrait, from which to engrave a frontispiece for other editions of her works, thus surreptitiously reprinted.—*Phil. Ledger.*

*If* The gaieties of the St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans, suffered but a slight suspension by [the fire]. They have been revived already at the St. Louis with all their wonted brilliancy, and even more than their wonted popularity.

*If* The SENTENCE OF COMONORE JONES.—This officer, whose trial by Court Martial has been going on at Washington for some time past, has been found guilty of speculating in gold dust with the public funds, and is suspended from his command for five years, half of the time without pay. The President has approved the sentence.

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## 7 days later from Europe.

The Baltic brings the following intelligence:

The Atlantic was to be taken to Liverpool for repairs. Two steam tugs had left that place for the purpose of towing her from Cork.

### OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

The fourth session of the present Parliament was opened by her Majesty in person on Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 4, amid unusual manifestations of enthusiasm.

Her Majesty was received in due form, and conducted to the House of Lords, where, having ascended the throne, and ordered the Commons to be summoned, her Majesty, on the appearance of the Speaker, and members at the bar, delivered her opening speech.

Having concluded her speech, her Majesty replaced it in the hands of the Lord Chancellor, and after greeting the House on all sides, retired in procession; the same order being maintained as upon her entrance.

An address to the Queen in response was moved, in which strong ground was taken respecting the "papal aggression," Lord Camoys, a Roman Catholic peer, remarking—

He was a Roman Catholic, as his forefathers had been for centuries, but at the same time he was an Englishman, and the rights and liberties of England were as dear to him as to any of their Lordships. He admitted the spiritual supremacy of the Queen over the Established Church of England to the fullest extent that the most orthodox member of that church could desire, and he acknowledged the supremacy of the Pope over the Roman Catholic population of this country in spiritual matters; but as to any other assumption of power over this country on the part of the Pope, or any undue exercise of his spiritual power over its population, against any such assumption he felt it to be his duty to protest.

The address was unanimously agreed to.

In the House of Commons, the Chancellor of Exchequer announced his intention of making his financial statement on the 14th inst.

Mr. Austey, a Roman Catholic member, expressed his conviction that the act of the Pope was one of aggression, not only upon the English nation, but upon the Roman Catholic laity, who had long been struggling against an undue subjection to the power of the prelates.

Complaint was made in the House of the absence of any allusion, in the Queen's speech, to Kosuth and the Hungarian refugees.

Lord Palmerston said that efforts had been made to procure their release, hitherto without success. The address to the Queen was agreed to.

At subsequent sittings of Parliament, notice was given of a bill to abolish the Lord Lieutenantcy of Ireland; Lord Minto denied that he had ever given the least sanction to the Pope's late act, and very numerous petitions were presented on the Papal hierarchy had been made not only without his consent, but without the knowledge of the English Government.

The course pursued by the Pope was an insult to the Queen and the declaration was received with cheers continued for a long time, from all parts of the House.

All the knowledge which Lord Minto had of the matter was that in an interview with the Pope, that dignitary pointed to some paper lying on the table and said, "There is a project which affects you." What the project was Lord Minto was not informed.

Lord Russell ridiculed the idea that "the Pope can never retrace his steps"—that what Rome has once done must remain in force for ever; and proved the reverse by historical facts, and he then commented severely upon the bull recently promulgated in England, and detailed the action which the Government had taken in consequence.

The design of the Papal movement, the change from vicars apostolic to bishops, was to obtain a greater control over endowments which were in the hands of Roman Catholic trustees.

He proposed, therefore, that no such titles should be permitted to be assumed by these bishops, and that all property left to or given to such persons under such titles should be null and void, and forfeited to the Crown, with power to administer such property.

And to prohibit the assumption of any title for any place or territory within the United Kingdom, adding.

Various efforts to get a bill to extend this legislation, they were not at present in a position to proceed further. The individual who had taken upon himself to represent the wishes of the

English Roman Catholics to the Pope, had it in his power to remove many of the difficulties, and if he, a Prince of the

Roman Church, had any desire to promote the interests of the Roman Catholics in this country, he would at once renounce the title he had assumed. But if other councils should prevail and he should instill counsels of revenge and ambition into the Court of Rome, no doubt a struggle would take place—in that case his (Lord J. Russell's) course was clear.

### GRAND COMMITTEE.

The two Houses met in Grand Committee. His excellency, the Governor, presiding, for the election of Notaries Public and other officers.

The following notaries Public were elected:

Washington County.—Cornelius Bradley, Asa F. Gardner.

Providence County.—Asa Winsor, Samuel B. Vernon, Augustus Hopper, William G. Borden.

Newport County.—William G. Borden, Edward W. Hazard.

The following Justices of the Peace were elected:

Pardon Sayles, Cumberland; Augustus Hopper, S. B. Vernon, William Sauford, Providence.

Major Joseph S. Pilman was elected Brigadier General.

The Grand Committee then rose.

House.—The consideration of the bill giving the city of Providence control and possession of the North end of the Cove, was resumed. Before any action was taken,

The House adjourned.

### AFTERNOON.

SENATE.—The Senate passed the act of the House, restricting the sale of fish in less quantities than ten gallons, in the town of South Kingstown. After amending it by including the town of Coventry and Westerly, and requiring the voters in town meeting in each town to accept the bill before it went into effect.

House.—Resolution to adjourn this week according to law, was laid on the table.

Act regulating the confinement and discipline of the poor, from the Senate, was referred to the special committee.

The act to incorporate the Reservoir Company, was passed.

Resolution continuing the petition against the Stonington Railroad, with an order of notice was passed.

The School Bill, which was passed several days ago, and came back from the Senate amended, came now from the Committee on Education, to which it had been referred by the House.

On motion, the bill was laid on the table, by a vote of 26 to 23.

Mr. G. H. Brownie called up his bill in relation to the imprisonment of poor debtors—repealing the law of 1847, allowing poor debtors to take the oath before a Justice of the Supreme Court, or a Justice of the Court of Magistrates and one Justice of the Peace.

Before any action was taken, a motion was made to adjourn.

The House divided, and the vote stood 23 to 23.

The Speaker voted in the affirmative, and the House adjourned.

### ITALY.

Mazzini is reported to be at Geneva, actively engaged in recruiting for a revolutionary movement in Italy. The expedition is to land on the Neapolitan territory. It is calculated that the Neapolitan army will be routed in the first encounter, and that it is to be considered as the signal for a general rising all over Italy. Some other vague stories are connected with this statement.

### DENMARK AND THE DUTCHIES.

The new Federal Government of Holstein was installed on the 2d inst.

All natives of Schleswig, prisoners of war at Flensburg. The remainder of the prisoners will follow.

### GERMANY.

The grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin has issued an ordinance forbidding public meetings and political associations, without leave from the Minister of the Interior, on pain or fine and imprisonment. He says such meetings have had a destructive effect in his dominions.

### AUSTRIA.

Advices from Vienna of the 19th ult., mention that a widely extended conspiracy had been discovered, which was to effect a general insurrection on the 4th of March. Nearly one hundred persons were arrested, among whom were citizens and officers on half pay. A portion of the garrison, supposed to be implicated in the plot, were immediately removed to the provinces.

### TURKEY.

The Turkish troops have beaten the insurgents of Mostar, at Bozzi. According to a communication from Omer Pacha, from Bosnia, Mehemet Paeha, who was escaping to Austria, was seized and carried to Bosna Serai. The Pack of Travnick was also arrested, at Belgrade, and sent off to Constantinople.

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